

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Transmission

TO: Sin J. Lee

Location: Remsen 9D60

Art Unit: 1752

December 20, 2004

Case Serial Number: 10690835

From: Les Henderson Location: EIC 1700 REMSEN 4A30

Phone: 571/272-2538

Leslie.Henderson@uspto.gov

Searen Notes

Extra results to train new searcher.							
				·			





EIC17000

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

Kathleen Fuller, ElC 1700 Team Leader 571/272-2505 REMSEN 4B28

ol)	untary Results Feedback Form						
	I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1713 Relevant prior art found , search results used as follows:						
	102 rejection						
	103 rejection						
	Cited as being of interest.						
	Helped examiner better understand the invention.						
	Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.						
	Types of relevant prior art found:						
	☐ Foreign Patent(s)						
	 Non-Patent Literature (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.) 						
>	Relevant prior art not found:						
	☐ Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).						
	Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.						
Со	mments:						

Drop off or send completed forms to EIC1700 REMSEN 4B28



Access DB# 140121



SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

	- /	Examiner #: 76060 Date: 11- Serial Number: 10 / 690, B s Format Preferred (circle): PAPER	-30-04 35 ISK E-MAIL				
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.							
Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.							
Title of Invention:		SOIENTIFIC REFEREI	WOE DO				
Inventors (please provide full names):		Q	NOE BR				
		DFC 1 5					
Earliest Priority Filing Date:		•					
For Sequence Searches Only Please include appropriate serial number.	all pertinent information (pa	Pat. & T.M. Offic arent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers)	CO along with the				
Please	- Search	for the polymer.					
	of Olasa	# 70					
	on Claim	# 21					
•							
		************	****				
STAFF USE ONLY	Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicab	le				
Searcher: L #	NA Sequence (#)	STN \$586, 20					
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog					
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit					
Date Searcher Picked Up:	Bibliographic	Dr.Link					
Date Completed: 12/20/04	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis					
Searcher Prep & Review Time: 30	Fulltext	Sequence Systems					
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet					
Online Time: 14D	Other	Other (specify)					

Kanagasabapathy et al. U.S.S.N. 10/690,835

Page 3

Claim 27. (new) The photoimageable composition of claim 25 wherein the photoimageable composition comprises a polymer that comprises one or more Si atoms and one or more sulfonamide groups. $-N-sO_2R$

- Claim 28. (new) The photoimageable composition of claim 27 wherein the polymer comprises aromatic groups.
- Claim 29. (new) The photoimageable composition of claim 27 wherein the polymer is substantially free of aromatic groups.
- Claim 30. (new) The photoimageable composition of claim 25 wherein the photoimageable composition comprises a polymer that comprises one or more Si atoms and a distinct component that comprises one or more sulfonamide groups.
- Claim 31. (new) The photoimageable composition of claim 25 wherein the photoimageable composition comprises a crosslinker.
 - Claim 32. (new) A phototoimageable composition comprising: one or more photoacid generator compounds;

at least one polymer that comprises at least three distinct repeat units and one or more Si atoms;

and the polymer or one or more other components comprises one or more sulfonamide groups.

Claim 33. (new) The photoimageable composition of claim 32 wherein the one or more of the polymer repeat units comprise one or more photoacid labile groups.

=> d his ful

L3

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:20:07 ON 20 DEC 2004)

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 09:20:15 ON 20 DEC 2004 E US20040161698/PN

L1 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US20040161698/PN D SCAN

D ALL SEL L1 RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:21:43 ON 20 DEC 2004

16 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (10025-78-2/BI OR 107-11-9/BI OR 124-63-0/B I OR 287923-92-6/BI OR 34310-32-2/BI OR 421-83-0/BI OR 423166-18-1/BI OR 44584-35-2/BI OR 631896-39-4/BI OR 685901-31-9/BI OR 685901-32-0/BI OR 685901-33-1/BI OR 685901-34-2/BI OR 685901-36-4/BI OR 685901-37-5/BI OR 95-10-3/BI)

D SCAN
D L2 1-16 RN STR

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:14:56 ON 20 DEC 2004 STRUCTURE

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:19:37 ON 20 DEC 2004

L4 SCR 2043

L5 11 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L4

D SCAN

D QUE STAT

L6 STRUCTURE L3

L7 11 SEA SSS SAM L6 AND L4

D SCAN

L8 141 SEA SSS FUL L6 AND L4

D QUE STAT

E 685901-37-5/RN

L9 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-37-5/RN

D SCAN

SAV L8 LEE835/A

E 685901-36-4/RN

L10 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-36-4/RN

D SCAN

E 685901-33-1/RN

L11 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-33-1/RN

D SCAN

E 685901-32-0/RN

L12 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-32-0/RN

D SCAN

E 685901-31-9/RN

L13 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-31-9/RN

D SCAN

D SCAN

L14 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 AND (L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13)

D SCAN

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 10:35:29 ON 20 DEC 2004

L15 53 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8

L16 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L9

L17 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10

L18 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11

L19 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12

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L20
            3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
               D SCAN L16
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19
L21
             3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 OR L20
L22
               D SCAN
            53 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 OR L15
L23
               E PHOTORESISTS/CT
               E E3+ALL/CT
               E RESISTS/CT
               E E3+ALL/CT
         82107 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON RESIST OR RESISTS OR PHOTORESIST? OR
L24
               (PHOTO# OR POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE) (A) (RESIST# OR LITHOG?)
L25
             8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND L23
               D SCAN
               E PHOTOIMAG/CT
               E E4+ALL/CT
               E PHOTOIMAG/CT
               E E5+ALL/CT
         10747 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PHOTOIMAG? OR PHOTO(2A) IMAG?
L26
             2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND L23
L27
             9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L27
L28
    FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:08:31 ON 20 DEC 2004
               STRUCTURE L6
L29
L30
               STRUCTURE L6
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:11:07 ON 20 DEC 2004
           50 SEA SSS SAM L4 AND L29
L31 .
               D QUE STAT
               D QUE STAT L30
           26 SEA SSS SAM L29 AND L30 AND L4
L32
           387 SEA SSS FUL L29 AND L30 AND L4
L33
               D QUE STAT
    FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 11:16:43 ON 20 DEC 2004
          145 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L33
L34
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:17:21 ON 20 DEC 2004
               SAV L33 LEE835A/A
               D SAV
     FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 11:18:37 ON 20 DEC 2004
            25 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 AND (L24 OR L26)
L35
               D SCAN
            25 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 OR L28
L36
               D QUE STAT
               D SCAN
            18 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND REPROGRAPH?/SC,SX
L37
             7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 NOT L37
L38
               D SCAN
             2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (PHOTORESIST? OR PHOTOIMAG? OR PHOTO(A) (IMA
L39
               G? OR RESIST?)) AND L38
               D SCAN
            20 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 OR L39
L40
=> => d que stat 18
L4
               SCR 2043
```

L6

STR

N~~ SO2 Si 3

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 3

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 141 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L6 AND L4

100.0% PROCESSED 414 ITERATIONS 141 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d que stat 133

L4 SCR 2043 L29 STR

 $\begin{array}{ccc}
 & N \sim & SO2 \\
 & 1 & 2
\end{array}$

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 2

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L30 STR

Si 1

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 1
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 1

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L33 387 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L29 AND L30 AND L4

100.0% PROCESSED 414 ITERATIONS 387 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> => d que stat 140 L4 SCR 2043

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L6 STR N \sim SO2 Si 3
```

1 2

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 3

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
           141 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L6 AND L4
1.8
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-37-5/RN
L9
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-36-4/RN
L10
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-33-1/RN
L11
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-32-0/RN
L12
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 685901-31-9/RN
L13
L15
           53 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
            1 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L9
L16
            1 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10
L17
            1 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11
L18
            1 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12
L19
             3 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
L20
             1 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19
L21
                                   PLU=ON L21 OR L20
             3 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON
L22
                                   PLU=ON L22 OR L15
L23
            53 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON
         82107 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON RESIST OR RESISTS OR PHOTORESIST?
L24
               OR (PHOTO# OR POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE) (A) (RESIST# OR LITHOG?)
             8 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 AND L23
L25
         10747 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON PHOTOIMAG? OR PHOTO(2A) IMAG?
L26
             2 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND L23
L27
             9 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L27
L28
               STR
L29
```

 $1 \sim 502$

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 2

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L30 STR

Si 1

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 1
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 1

CCI IDS

```
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
           387 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L29 AND L30 AND L4
L33
            145 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L33
L34
            25 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 AND (L24 OR L26)
L35
             25 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 OR L28
L36
             18 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND REPROGRAPH?/SC,SX
L37
              7 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 NOT L37
L38
             2 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON (PHOTORESIST? OR PHOTOIMAG? OR
L39
                PHOTO(A) (IMAG? OR RESIST?)) AND L38
             20 SEA FILE=HCA ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 OR L39
T.40
=> d 140 1-20 cbib abs hitstr hitind
L40 ANSWER 1 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
141:429661 Photoresists comprising fluorinated silsesquioxanes.
     Kanagasabapathy, Subbareddy; Barclay, George G. (USA). U.S. Pat. Appl.
     Publ. US 2004229159 A1 20041118, 16 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO.
    APPLICATION: US 2004-785424 20040223. PRIORITY: US 2003-PV449735
     20030223.
     Photoresist compns. are provided that comprises one or more
AB
     photoacid generator compds. and a silsesquioxane resin. Preferred
     photoresists of the invention can exhibit reduced outgassing when
     exposed to laser radiation, including ArF exposures.
IT
     753003-46-2P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photoresists comprising fluorinated silsesquioxane)
     753003-46-2 HCA
RN
     Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-(trichlorosilyl)-,
CN
     1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[6-
     (trichlorosilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]methanesulfonamide (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         799763-30-7
     CMF
         C9 H13 Cl3 F3 N O2 S Si
     CCI
         TDS
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
     CRN
         365546-65-2
     CMF
         C12 H19 C13 O2 Si
```

CM 3

CRN 7732-18-5 CMF H2 O

H₂O

IT 685901-31-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of fluorinated silsesquioxane)

RN 685901-31-9 HCA

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[6-(trichlorosilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]he pt-2-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03C001-76

NCL 430270100

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST fluorinated polymer silsesquioxane pos **photoresist** chem amplified

IT Positive photoresists

(fluorinated si-polymers and photoresists comprising same)

IT Silsesquioxanes

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fluorine-containing; fluorinated si-polymers and photoresists comprising same)

IT Fluoropolymers, properties

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(silsesquioxane-; fluorinated si-polymers and photoresists

comprising same)

IT 753003-44-0P 753003-46-2P 753003-49-5P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photoresists comprising fluorinated silsesquioxane)

IT 795306-21-7

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresists comprising fluorinated silsesquioxane)

IT 685901-31-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of fluorinated silsesquioxane)

L40 ANSWER 2 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

141:251436 Silicon-containing fluorinated polymers and photoresists comprising same. Barclay, George G.; Kanagasabapathy, Subbareddy; Pohlers, Gerhard (Rohm and Haas Electronic Materials, L.L.C., USA). Eur. Pat. Appl. EP 1455229 Al 20040908, 22 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK, HR. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 2004-250947 20040223. PRIORITY: US 2003-PV449787 20030223.

AB **Photoimageable** compns. are provided that contain Si-polymers that have a specified ratio of fluorine atoms to Si atoms. Preferred **photoresists** of the invention can exhibit enhanced resistance to plasma etchants.

IT 685901-31-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for **photoresists**)

RN 685901-31-9 HCA

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[6-(trichlorosilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]he pt-2-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 753003-46-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for photoresists

RN 753003-46-2 HCA

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-(trichlorosilyl)-,
1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[6(trichlorosilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]methanesulfonamide (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 799763-30-7

CMF C9 H13 Cl3 F3 N O2 S Si

```
CCI IDS
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
          365546-65-2
     CRN
          C12 H19 C13 O2 Si
     CMF
     CCI
         OBu-t
      Cl
  Cl-Si-D1
      Cl
          3
     CM
     CRN
         7732-18-5
     CMF H2 O
H20
     ICM G03F007-075
IC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
    Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
     silicon fluorinated polymer photoresist
ST
ΙT
     Etching
        (plasma; silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for photoresists
ΙT
    Photoresists
        (silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for photoresists)
     95-10-3, Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-methanamine 421-83-0,
ΙT
     Trifluoromethanesulfonylchloride 10025-78-2, Trichlorosilane
     196314-61-1
                   423166-18-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for photoresists
                                                753003-49-5DP,
ΙT
    287923-92-6P 685901-31-9P
                                 685901-34-2P
     hydrolized
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for photoresists
TT
     753003-44-0P 753003-46-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of silicon-containing fluorinated polymers for photoresists
```

)

L40 ANSWER 3 OF 20 HCA COFYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

140:397367 Photoresists containing sulfonamide component. Barclay,
George G.; Kanagasabapathy, Subbareddy (Shipley Company L.L.C., USA). PCT
Int. Appl. WO 2004037866 A2 20040506, 41 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE,
AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU,
CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID,
IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD,
MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD,
SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
ZA, ZM, ZW; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI,
FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR.
(English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2003-US33676 20031021.
PRIORITY: US 2002-PV420056 20021021.

AB The present invention relates to **photoresist** compns. that contain one or more components having sulfonamide and Si substitution. Preferred **photoresist** compns. of the invention contain an Si-polymer such as a silsesquioxane that has sulfonamide substitution and may be employed in multilayer **resist** systems. In preferred aspects, the Si-polymer has both sulfonamide substitution as well as moieties that can provide contrast upon exposure to photogenerated acid.

IT 685901-36-4P 685901-37-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photoresists containing sulfonamide component)

RN 685901-36-4 HCA

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 5-(trihydroxysilyl)-,
1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[5(trihydroxysilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]methanesulfonamide (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 685901-35-3 CMF C9 H16 F3 N O5 S Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OH} & \text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{HO}}} \\ \text{HO}-\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{H}}} \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 650608-96-1 CMF C12 H22 O5 Si

RN 685901-37-5 HCA

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 5-(trihydroxysilyl)-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, polymer with methylsilanetriol and 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[5-(trihydroxysilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]methyl]methanesulfonamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 685901-35-3 CMF C9 H16 F3 N O5 S Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \circ \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \overset{\circ}{\text{S}} - \text{CF}_3 \\ \parallel \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 650608-96-1 CMF C12 H22 O5 Si

CM 3

CRN 2445-53-6 CMF C H6 O3 Si

IT 685901-31-9P 685901-32-0P 685901-33-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of sulfonamide component for photoresists)

RN 685901-31-9 HCA

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[[6-(trichlorosilyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]he pt-2-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

C13Si
$$CH_2-NH-S-CF_3$$

RN 685901-32-0 HCA

CN Methanesulfonamide, 1,1,1-trifluoro-N-[3-(trichlorosilyl)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 685901-33-1 HCA

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[3-(trichlorosilyl)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM CO8F

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other

Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

ST photoresist sulfonamide component silsesquioxane

IT Photoresists

(photoresists containing sulfonamide component)

IT Silsesquioxanes

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresists containing sulfonamide component)

IT 685901-36-4P 685901-37-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photoresists containing sulfonamide component)

1T 95-10-3, Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-methanamine 107-11-9, Allyl amine
124-63-0, Methanesulfonylchloride 421-83-0,
Trifluoromethanesulfonylchloride 10025-78-2, Trichlorosilane
423166-18-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of sulfonamide component for photoresists)

IT 34310-32-2P 44584-35-2P 287923-92-6P 631896-39-4P

685901-31-9P 685901-32-0P 685901-33-1P

685901-34-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of sulfonamide component for photoresists)

L40 ANSWER 4 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

140:136424 Silicon-containing polymer, photoresist composition and patterning process. Hatakeyama, Jun; Takeda, Takanobu; Ishihara, Toshinobu (Japan). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2004013980 Al 20040122, 36 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2003-611261 20030702. PRIORITY: JP 2002-192910 20020702.

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
R^2 & & & & & R^6 \\
\hline
R^1 & & & & & & & \\
R^5 & & & & & & \\
R^7 & & & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

Ι

The present invention relates to silicon-containing polymers comprising recurring units of I (R1 = single bond, alkylene; R2 = hydrogen, alkyl; R3-5 = alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl or silicon-containing group; R6 = hydrogen, Me, cyano or -C(=0)OR8; R8 = hydrogen, alkyl, acid labile group; R7 = alkyl, -NR9R10, -OR11; R9-11 = hydrogen or alkyl; a, b = pos. nos. satisfying 0<a+b≤1). Resist compns. comprising the polymers are sensitive to high-energy radiation and have a high sensitivity and resolution at a wavelength of less than 300 nm and improved resistance to oxygen plasma etching.

IT 648895-21-0P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (silicon-containing polymer, resist composition for patterning process)

RN 648895-21-0 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1-ethylcyclopentyl ester, polymer with N,N-dimethylethenesulfonamide and ethenyltrimethylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 266308-58-1 CMF C11 H18 O2

CM 2

CRN 7700-07-4 CMF C4 H9 N O2 S

CM 3

CRN 754-05-2 CMF C5 H12 Si

 $Me_3Si-CH=CH_2$

IC ICM H01B001-00

ICS C08J003-00

NCL 430311000; 252500000; 524262000

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

ST silicon polymer **photoresist** compn patterning process

IT Photolithography

Photoresists

(silicon-containing polymer, resist composition and patterning process)

IT 648895-18-5P 648895-19-6P 648895-20-9P 648895-21-0P

648895-22-1P 648895-23-2P 648895-24-3P 648895-25-4P 648895-26-5P

648895-27-6P 648895-28-7P 648895-29-8P 648895-30-1P 648895-31-2P

648895-33-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(silicon-containing polymer, resist composition for patterning process)

L40 ANSWER 5 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

138:212565 Production method of electroluminescent component using hydrophilic pattern and printing process. Aoki, Daigo; Suzuki, Satoshi (Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003059655 A2 20030228, 17 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-242160 20010809.

AB The invention refers to a production method of an electroluminescent component wherein a printing plate with patterned hydrophilic regions are formed on

a surface with variable wettability, coating material to form the organic electroluminescent layer is placed on the hydrophilic regions, and the organic material is printed onto a substrate, in order to easily form patterns with high detail.

IT 293741-64-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(production method of electrolumines cent component using hydrophilic pattern and printing process)

RN 293741-64-7 HCA

CN 1-Octanesulfonamide, N-ethyl-1,1,2,2/3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-heptadecafluoro-N-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-, polymer with trimethoxymethylsilane (9CI) (CA /INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 61660-12-6 CMF C16 H20 F17 N O5 S Si

CM 2

CRN 1185-55-3 CMF C4 H12 O3 Si

IC ICM H05B033-10

ICS G09F009-00; G09F009-30; H05B033-12; H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST electroluminescent device printing plate transfer photoresist

IT 220946-52-1, ST-K 01 293741-64-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (production method of electroluminescent component using hydrophilic pattern and printing process)

L40 ANSWER 6 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

138:80796 Material and method for making an electroconductive pattern.

Lamotte, Johan (Agfa-Gevaert, Belg.). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2003001537 A1
20030103, 28 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA,
BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE,
ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR,
KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ,
OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,

UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2002-EP6744 20020618. PRIORITY: EP 2001-202423 20010622.

AB A material for making an electroconductive pattern, the material comprising a support and a light-exposure differentiable element, characterized in that the light-exposure differentiable element comprises a conductivity enhanced outermost layer containing a polyanion and a polymer or copolymer of a substituted or unsubstituted thiophene, and optionally a 2nd layer contiguous with the outermost layer; and wherein the outermost layer and/or the optional 2nd layer contains a monodiazonium salt capable upon exposure of reducing the conductivity of the exposed parts of the outermost

layer relative to the unexposed parts of the outermost layer and a method of making an electroconductive pattern.

IT 391957-50-9

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (conductive coating dispersion constituent; material and method for making electroconductive pattern)

RN 391957-50-9 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with [4-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]phenyl]diazenesulfonic acid monosodium salt and 3-[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 391957-49-6 CMF C16 H32 O2 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{(i-Pr)} \, 3\text{Si} - \text{(CH}_2) \, 3 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 147073-18-5

CMF C10 H11 N3 O4 S . Na

Na

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6

CMF C5 H8 O2

IC ICM H01B001-12

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

IT Electric corona

Glow discharge

Photoresists

Positive photoresists

(material and method for making electroconductive pattern) 1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide IT 872-50-4, N-Methyl-pyrrolidone, uses 2530-83-8, 3-Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane 2657-00-3 5114-93-2 9016-45-9, Arkopal N 060 9016-83-5, Cresol formaldehyde copolymer 9070-36-4, 4-Diazodiphenylamine sulfate-formaldehyde copolymer 11003-19-3, Arkopon T 23295-00-3 25053-88-7, p-Cresol-formaldehyde 25212-88-8, Ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer 26022-07-1, Methyl methacrylate-butadiene-itaconic acid copolymer 27379-75-5, Vinylidene chloride-methyl 26761-64-8, Ultravon W methacrylate-itaconic acid copolymer 34031-08-8, Terephthalic acid-isophthalic acid-ethylene glycol-5-sulfoisophthalic acid copolymer 51257-93**-**3 50851-57-5, Poly(styrene sulfonic acid) 56791-83-4, 4-Diazodiphenylamine p-toluene sulfonate-formaldehyde copolymer 62428-08-4, 4-Diazodiphenylamine tetrafluoroborate-formaldehyde copolymer 80370-33-8 · 114535-83-0, Fairmount Diazo 8 122525-99-9, Zonyl FSO 100 126213-51-2, Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) 147073-18-5 147073-19-6 190086-16-9, Negalux N 18 195460-07-2, AZ 7217 189311-21-5 391957-46-3 391957-48-5 391957-47-4 391957-44-1 391957-45-2 391957-52-1 391957-53-2 391957-51-0 391957-50-9 391957-56-5 391957-57-6 391957-58-7 391957-54-3 391957-55-4 391957-59-8 391957-60-1 391957-61-2 391957-62-3 391957-63-4 391957-65-6 391957-66-7 391957-68-9 391957-71-4 391957-64-5 391957-73-6 391957-74-7 391957-75-8 391957-76-9 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (conductive coating dispersion constituent; material and method for making electroconductive pattern)

L40 ANSWER 7 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

137:233050 Photolabile ultrathin films for spatially defined attachment of nanoobjects. Voit, B.; Braun, F.; Loppacher, Ch.; Trogisch, S.; Eng, L. (Institute of Polymer Research Dresden, Dresden, 01069, Germany). Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering, 87, 407-408 (English) 2002. CODEN: PMSEDG. ISSN: 0743-0515. Publisher: American Chemical Society. Thin functional films which can be activated or deactivated by laser AB irradiation were obtained by two approaches. The first method is based on covalent bonding of diazosulfonate group-containing methacrylate copolymers to a Si substrate via trimethoxysilane side chain and spin coating; upon UV-irradiation by a Hg Xe lamp or a UV laser, the diazosulfonate groups were destroyed on selected areas leaving some groups available to adsorb metals or nanoparticles. The second method is based on self-assembled monolayers of polymethacrylates containing amine groups protected by a photolabile unit; after irradiation of selected areas, free amine groups can be charged or used to bind functional nanoobjects like DNA strands. The methacrylate polymer is a copolymer of Me methacrylate, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate

and N-NVOC--aminopropyl methacrylamide.

IT 457915-99-0P

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(preparation and selective UV removal of photolabile groups in polymethacrylate ultrathin films and spatially defined attachment of nanobjects)

RN 457915-99-0 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with [4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]phenyl]diazenesulfonic acid monosodium salt and 3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 165676-82-4 CMF C9 H9 N3 O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0\\
\parallel\\
NH-C-CH=CH_2\\
\\
HO_3S-N=N
\end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 21142-29-0 CMF C13 H26 O5 Si

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 36, 73

IT Photoimaging

(area selective UV; preparation and selective UV removal of photolabile

groups in polymethacrylate ultrathin films and spatially defined attachment of nanoobjects)

IT 457915-99-0P

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(preparation and selective UV removal of photolabile groups in polymethacrylate ultrathin films and spatially defined attachment of nanoobjects)

L40 ANSWER 8 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

136:207722 Positive working lithographic master plate having specific siloxane resin in recording layer for IR-laser direct imaging. Oda, Akio; Nakamura, Ippei (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002062660 A2 20020228, 17 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-246687 20000816.

AB The title master plate has a pos.-working recording layer containing a water-insol. alkali-soluble resin, which increases the solubility in an alkali

IR irradiation, and an IR-absorbing agent on a support, wherein the resin has a siloxane structure. The master plate, which has the siloxane resin in the recording layer, provides the improved latitude for development and the high scratch-resistance.

IT 401606-76-6P, N-(p-Aminosulfonylphenyl)methacrylamide-ethyl methacrylate-acrylonitrile-3-[Tris(trimethylsiloxy)silyl]propyl methacrylate copolymer

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(resin having siloxane structure in pos.-working lithog. master plate) 401606-76-6 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester, polymer with

N-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamide, 2-propenenitrile and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

RN

CRN 56992-87-1 CMF C10 H12 N2 O3 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{NH-C-C-Me} \\ \\ \text{H}_2\text{N-S} \\ \parallel \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

L40 ANSWER 9 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

136:142701 Material and method for making an electroconductive pattern.

Lamotte, Johan; Louwet, Frank; Van Damme, Marc; Vermeersch, Joan; Van Aert, Hubertus; Groenendaal, Lambertus (Agfa-Gevaert, Belg.). PCT Int.

Appl. WO 2002006898 A2 20020124, 62 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English).

CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2001-EP7083 20010622. PRIORITY: EP 2000-202216 20000626.

AB It is an aspect of the present invention to provide a material having an outermost layer that can be processed to an electroconductive pattern by a simple, convenient method that involves a low number of steps and which does not require the use of hazardous chems. A material for making an

electroconductive pattern is presented, the material comprising a support and a light-exposure differentiable element, characterized in that the light-exposure differentiable element comprises an outermost layer containing a polyanion and a polymer or copolymer of a substituted or unsubstituted thiophene, and optionally a 2nd layer contiguous with the outermost layer; and in which the outermost layer and/or the optional 2nd layer contains a light-sensitive component capable upon exposure of changing the removability of the exposed parts of the outermost layer relative to the unexposed parts of the outermost layer; and a method of making an electroconductive pattern on a support using the material for making an electroconductive pattern.

IT 391957-50-9

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(conductive coating dispersion constituent; material and method for making electroconductive pattern)

RN 391957-50-9 HCA

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with [4-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]phenyl]diazenesulfonic acid monosodium salt and 3-[tris(1-methylethyl)silyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 391957-49-6 CMF C16 H32 O2 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{(i-Pr)}_3\text{Si-} & \text{(CH}_2)_3 - \text{O-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 147073-18-5 CMF .C10 H11 N3 O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ NH-C-C-Me \end{array}$$

Na

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

IC ICM G03F

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

IT Electric corona Glow discharge

Photoresists

Positive photoresists

(material and method for making electroconductive pattern) 872-50-4, N-Methyl-pyrrolidone, uses 1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide IT 2530-83-8, 3-Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane 2657-00-3 9016-45-9, Arkopal N 060 9016-83-5, Cresol formaldehyde copolymer 9070-36-4, 4-Diazodiphenylamine sulfate-formaldehyde copolymer 11003-19-3, Arkopon T 23295-00-3 25053-88-7, p-Cresol-formaldehyde 25212-88-8, Ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer copolymer 26022-07-1, Methyl methacrylate-butadiene-itaconic acid copolymer 27379-75-5, Vinylidene chloride-methyl 26761-64-8, Ultravon W methacrylate-itaconic acid copolymer 34031-08-8, Terephthalic acid-isophthalic acid-ethylene glycol-5-sulfoisophthalic acid copolymer 51257-93-3 56791-83-4, 50851-57-5, Poly(styrene sulfonic acid) 4-Diazodiphenylamine p-toluene sulfonate-formaldehyde copolymer 62428-08-4, 4-Diazodiphenylamine tetrafluoroborate-formaldehyde copolymer 80370-33-8 114535-83-0, Fairmount Diazo 8 122525-99-9, Zonyl FSO 100 126213-51-2, Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) 147073-18-5 147073-19-6 189311-21-5 190086-16-9, Negalux N 18 195460-07-2, AZ 7217 391957-45-2 391957-46-3 391957-47-4 391957-48-5 391957-44-1 **391957-50-9** 391957-51-0 391957-52-1 391957-53-2 391957-58-7 391957-54-3 391957-55-4 391957-56-5 391957-57-6 391957-62-3 391957-63-4 391957-59-8 391957-60-1 391957-61-2 391957-71-4 391957-65-6 391957-66-7 391957-68-9 391957-64-5 391957-73-6 391957-74-7 391957-75-8 391957-76-9 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (conductive coating dispersion constituent; material and method for making electroconductive pattern)

L40 ANSWER 10 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

135:280511 Positive-working photoresist compositions showing high resolution and high sensitivity and excellent storage stability. Sato, Kenichiro (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2001272784 A2 20011005, 62 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-385724 20001219. PRIORITY: JP 1999-363302 19991221; JP 2000-10773 20000119; JP 2000-10774 20000119.

The compns. contain (A) compds. generating acid on irradiation of actinic ray or radiation, (B) polymers containing structural repeating unit CO2CR1R2(CR3R4)mSiR5R6R7 (R1-2 = (cyclic) alkyl; R3-4 = H, (cyclic) alkyl; R1 + R2, R3 + R4 may form cyclic alkyl; R5-7 = (cyclic) alkyl, aryl, trialkylsilyl(oxy); m = integer of 1-6) and increasing solubility in alkaline developing agents by reaction with acids, (C) organic basic compds., and (D) ≥1 of/F-containing surfactants, Si-containing surfactants, and nonionic surfactants. Preferable structural repeating units also contained in the polymers are given in Markush. Also claimed are (1) compns. consisting of (A') acid-generating sulfonium salts Rs1S+ Rs2Rs3 Z- (Rs1-3 = (un) substituted alkyl or aryl; Rs1 + Rs2 may bond via single bond or

bonding group; Z-= anion) and polymers B and (2) compns. consisting of acid generators A, polymers B, and certain surfactants given in the document. The compns. are useful in manufacture of semiconductor devices, printed circuits, liquid crystal panels, etc.

IT 363616-40-4P 363616-65-3P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos. photoresists having storage stability)

RN 363616-40-4 HCA

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1-dimethyl-3-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]propyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione, 2-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)-2-propenamide and tetrahydro-2,2,3-trimethyl-5-oxo-3-furanyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 324761-27-5 CMF C11 H16 O4

CM 2

CRN 250588-94-4 CMF C18 H42 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 208761-54-0 CMF C5 H9 N O3 S

CM 4

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

RN 363616-65-3 HCA

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 1,1-dimethyl-3-[2,2,2-trimethyl-1,1-bis(trimethylsilyl)disilanyl]propyl ester, polymer with 2,5-furandione and N-(methylsulfonyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-carboxamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 363616-64-2 CMF C9 H13 N O3 S

CM 2

CRN 250589-01-6 CMF C22 H46 O2 Si4

CM 3

CRN 108-31-6 CMF C4 H2 O3

IC ICM G03F007-039

ICS C08K005-00; C08L101-08; G03F007-004; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST pos photoresist alk soluble silyl contg polymer; acid generator pos photoresist storage stable; sulfonium salt acid generator

```
pos photoresist
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (KP 341, surfactant; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
        photoresists having storage stability)
ΙT
     Positive photoresists
        (alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos. photoresists
        having storage stability)
IT
     Sulfonium compounds
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos. photoresists
        having storage stability)
IT
     Surfactants
        (fluorosurfactants; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
       photoresists having storage stability)
IT
        (nonionic, surfactant; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
        photoresists having storage stability)
     Fluoropolymers, uses
TΨ
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (surfactant; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
        photoresists having storage stability)
                   39153-56-5P
                                               66003-78-9P
                                                             67695-82-3P
IT
     14159-45-6P
                                 66003-76-7P
                                                                 206861-54-3P
                                   153698-46-5P
                                                  177786-98-0P
     138529-81-4P
                    144089-15-6P
                                   258341-99-0P
                                                  279218-73-4P
     241806-75-7P
                    258341-95-6P
                                                                  279218-74-5P
                                                  324771-13-3P
     279218-75-6P
                    301525-08-6P
                                   312386-77-9P
                                                                  350251-56-8P
                    363616-18-6P
     350251-57-9P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acid generator; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
       photoresists having storage stability)
                    363616-30-2P
                                   363616-32-4P
                                                  363616-34-6P
                                                                  363616-36-8P
IT
     263713-67-3P
                                                363616-45-9P
                                 363616-42-6P
     363616-38-0P 363616-40-4P
                                                  363616-53-9P
                                                                  363616-56-2P
     363616-47-1P
                    363616-49-3P
                                   363616-51-7P
     363616-59-5P
                    363616-62-0P 363616-65-3P
                                                363616-68-6P
                    363616-74-4P
                                   363616-76-6P
                                                  363616-77-7P
                                                                  363616-78-8P
     363616-71-1P
                                                  363616-85-7P
                                                                  363616-86-8P
     363616-81-3P
                    363616-82-4P
                                   363616-83-5P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos. photoresists
        having storage stability)
     484-47-9, 2,4,5-Triphenyl imidazole
                                          1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylamino pyridine
IT
     6674-22-2, 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]-7-undecene
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos. photoresists
        having storage stability)
                               96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
TT
     96-48-0, \gamma-Butyrolactone
                                                              97-64-3,
                   108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 110-43-0, 2-Heptanone
     Ethyl lactate
     123-86-4, Butyl acetate 1320-67-8, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether
     14272-48-1, 2-Ethoxyethyl propionate 84540-57-8, Propylene glycol
                                98516-33-7, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether
     monomethyl ether acetate
     propionate
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (solvent; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
       photoresists having storage stability)
     9016-45-9, Polyoxyethylene nonylphenyl ether
                                                    137462-24-9, Megafac F176
     216679-67-3, Megafac R08
                                364039-09-8, Troysol S 336
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (surfactant; alkaline-developing silyl-containing polymer pos.
```

photoresists having storage stability)

L40 ANSWER 11 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

135:233975 Color filter, manufacture of the filter by using photolysis catalyst, and liquid crystal display device using the filter. Kobayashi, Hironori; Okabe, Masato (Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2001242316 A2 20010907, 16 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-56063 20000228.

The color filter has (A) a transparent substrate, (B) a layer containing a AΒ photolysis catalyst and a binder, and (C) plurality of multicolor picture elements arranged with spaces among them according to a pattern formed on the catalyst-containing layer by ink-jet printing, wherein coatings are formed on the spaces among the picture elements. The photolysis catalyst-containing layer shows change of wettability, i.e., reduction of liquid contact angle, under exposure on the substrate. Alternatively, parts of the catalyst-containing layer outside the display region are coated. The color filter is manufactured by the process involving formation of the catalyst-containing layer on the transparent substrate, patternwise exposure to radiation on the catalyst-containing layer, ink-jet printing on the exposed portions for forming picture elements, and formation of the coating layer on the spaces among the picture elements. The liquid crystal display uses the color filter, in which liquid crystals are protected, by the coating layers among the picture elements, from being affected with the photolysis catalyst involved in the filter.

IT. 358766-42-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(binder in catalyst layer; color filter manufactured by using photolysis catalyst for liquid crystal display device)

RN 358766-42-4 HCA

CN 1-Octanesulfonamide, N-ethyl-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-heptadecafluoro-N-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-, polymer with Glasca HPC 402H (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 220356-00-3

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 61660-12-6

CMF C16 H20 F17 N O5 S Si

IC ICM G02B005-20

ICS B41J002-01; G02F001-1335; G03F007-004

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 42

IT Ink-jet printing

Photoimaging materials

(in manufacture of color filter by using photolysis catalyst for liquid crystal display device)

IT 358766-42-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(binder in catalyst layer; color filter manufactured by using photolysis catalyst for liquid crystal display device)

L40 ANSWER 12 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

133:310613 Preparation of polyhedral silsesquioxanes containing perfluoroalkyl and reactive groups and films thereof. Yamashita, Yukiya; Hayashi, Kenji; Ishihara, Masaoki (Mitsubishi Materials Corp., Japan; Dai Nippon Toryo Co., Ltd.). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2000290286 A2 20001017, 9 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1999-93459 19990331.

AB Silsesquioxanes [RfX1(CH2)aSiO1.5]m[R(CH2)bSiO1.5]z and [RfX1(CH2)aSiO1.5]m[RX2(CH2)bSiO1.5]z (Rf = C1-16 perfluoroalkyl; R = reactive group; X1, X2 = divalent group; a = 1-10; b = 0-10; m, z = 1-19 and m + z = 4-20), useful for manufacture of films with good heat resistance, low dielec. constant, and low reflection, are prepared Thus, hydrolysis of 28.4 g F17C8CH2CH2Si(OMe)3 and 2.5 g H2C:CHSi(OMe)3 gave a silsesquioxane, which was made into a film (thickness 0.2 μ m) having dielec. constant 3.1.

IT 302355-57-3P 302355-61-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of polyhedral silsesquioxanes containing perfluoroalkyl and reactive groups and films)

RN 302355-57-3 HCA

CN 1-Butanesulfonamide, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluoro-N-propyl-N-[3-(trichlorosilyl)propyl]-, polymer with trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]silane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 302355-56-2

CMF C10 H13 Cl3 F9 N O2 S Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & | \\
O = S - (CF_2)_3 - CF_3 \\
| \\
n-Pr-N-(CH_2)_3 - SiCl_3
\end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 2530-83-8 CMF C9 H20 O5 Si

$$CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe$$
OMe
OMe

RN 302355-61-9 HCA

CN 1-Octanesulfonamide, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-heptadecafluoro-N-propyl-N-[3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl]-, polymer with ethenyltrimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 136790-35-7 CMF C20 H28 F17 N O5 S Si

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
o & CF3 \\
\parallel & | \\
o = S - (CF_2)7 & OEt \\
| & | \\
n-Pr-N-(CH_2)3-Si-OEt \\
| & | \\
OEt
\end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 2768-02-7 CMF C5 H12 O3 Si

IC ICM C07F007-18

ICS C07F007-21; C08G077-24; C09K003-18

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): **74**, 76

IT Antireflective films

Dielectric films
Hybrid organic-inorganic materials

Oil-resistant materials

Photoresists

(preparation of polyhedral silsesquioxanes containing perfluoroalkyl and reactive groups and films) $\,$

IT 302355-57-3P 302355-58-4P 302355-59-5P 302355-60-8P

302355-61-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of polyhedral silsesquioxanes containing perfluoroalkyl and reactive groups and films)

L40 ANSWER 13 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

132:50663 Polyamide compositions for positive-working **photoresists** with good edge rinse property. Kenmochi, Tomonori; Banba, Toshio; Hirano, Takashi (Sumitomo Bakelite Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 11349810 A2 19991221 Heisei, 15 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1998-159535 19980608.

AB The compns. comprise polyamides 100, photo-sensitive diazoquinone compds. 1-100 and F-containing surfactants 0.001-10 parts, where the polyamides bear

units derived from dihydroxylated cyclic diamines, units derived from cyclic dicarboxylic acids, and optionally units derived from siloxanediamine compds., and have terminal groups derived from aliphatic or alicyclic dicarboxylic anhydrides containing alkenyl or alkynyl groups. Thus, heating a solution of a 2:1 (mol/mol) 1-hydroxy-1,2,3-benzotriazole derivative

of

CN

di-Ph ether-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, 2, and hexafluoro-2,2-bis(3-amino-4-hydroxyphenyl)propane 363.3 in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone 3000 at 75° for 12 h, adding 5-norbornene-2,5-dicarboxylic anhydride 32.8, mixing for 12 h, filtering, adding into a 3/1 water/MeOH mixture and washing the resulting precipitate gave a polyamide (I). Dissolving the I 100 with a diazoquinone 25 and 68% FC 170C (F-containing surfactant) 0.03 in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone 200 parts, mixing and filtering gave a photo-sensitive resin with good edge rinse property.

IT 252910-49-9

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (surfactant; polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists with good edge rinse property)

RN 252910-49-9 HCA

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]propylamino]ethyl ester, polymer with dimethylsilanediol, ethenylmethylsilanediol, 3a,4,7,7a,?,?-hexahydro-4,7-methano-1H-indenyl 2-propenoate and octahydro-4,7-methano-1H-inden-5-yl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7398-56-3 CMF C13 H18 O2

CM 2

CRN 3959-12-4 CMF C3 H8 O2 Si

CM 3

CRN 2357-60-0 CMF C16 H14 F17 N O4 S

CM 4

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 5

CRN 12542-30-2 CMF C13 H16 O2

CCI IDS

CM 6

CRN 50976-02-8 CMF C13 H14 O2 CCI IDS

IC ICM C08L077-06

ICS C08G069-26; C08G077-455; C08K005-00; C08K005-43; C08K005-23

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST pos working photoresist polyamide compn; diphenyl ether dicarboxylic acid polyamide pos working photoresist; fluoro surfactant pos working photoresist; edge rinse property pos working photoresist; diazoquinone photocuring catalyst photoresist polyamide

IT Electric insulators

Photoimaging materials Positive photoresists Semiconductor devices Surfactants

```
(polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists with good
        edge rinse property)
ΙT
     Polyamides, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists with good
        edge rinse property)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, properties
     Polysiloxanes, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide-; polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists
        with good edge rinse property)
ΙT
     Polyamides, properties
     Polyamides, properties
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polysiloxane-; polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists
        with good edge rinse property)
     110726-28-8D, diazoguinone derivative
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive reagents; polyamide compns. for pos.-working
       photoresists with good edge rinse property)
                   252903-81-4
                                 252903-83-6
                                               252903-84-7
ΙT
     252903-80-3
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists with good
        edge rinse property)
     29117-08-6 252910-49-9
ΙT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (surfactant; polyamide compns. for pos.-working photoresists
        with good edge rinse property)
L40 ANSWER 14 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
131:146036 Fluorine-containing surfactants for leveling agents. Tanaka,
     Kazuyoshi; Takano, Kiyoshi; Hashimoto, Yutaka (Dainippon Ink and
     Chemicals, Inc., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 11209787 A2 19990803
                    (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1998-15407
     Heisei, 39 pp.
     19980128.
     Surfactants useful as leveling agents in coating compns. and
AB
     resist compns. comprise fluoroalkyl-containing compds. with surface
     energy loss <110 + 10-5 mJ in an organic solvent. A fluorine-containing
     surfactant of this invention was prepared by polymerizing 18 parts of
     CH2:CHCO2CH2CH2C8F17, 12 parts of γ-methacryloyloxypropyltris(trimet
    hylsilyloxy)silane, 57 parts of monoacrylate of ethylene oxide-propylene
     oxide copolymer of mol. weight 400, 4 parts of tetraethylene glycol
     dimethacrylate, and 9 parts of Me methacrylate using laurylmercaptan as
     chain-transfer agent. The surfactant had number-average mol. weight 3800 and
was
    used as leveling agent in a coating composition
IT
     236104-13-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (fluorine-containing surfactants for leveling agents)
```

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxybis(2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl)

2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)-

ester, polymer with 2-[[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]propylamino]ethyl

RN

CN

236104-13-5 HCA

 ω -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1bis[(trimethylsily1)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 50858-51-0

CMF (C3 H6 O)n C3 H4 O2

CCI IDS, PMS

$$H_2C = CH - C - O - (C_3H_6) - OH$$

CM 2

CRN 26403-58-7

(C2 H4 O)n C3 H4 O2 CMF

CCI PMS

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2 - CH$$

3 CM

17096-07-0 CRN CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM

2357-60-0 CRN

CMF C16 H14 F17 N O4 S

5 CM

CRN 109-17-1 CMF C16 H26 O7

PAGE 1-B

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CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

IC ICM C11D001-04

ICS B01F017-52; B01F017-54; C08F020-24; C08F030-08; C08F290-06; C09D007-06; C11D001-12; C11D001-34; C11D001-68; C11D001-72; C11D001-722; C11D001-74; G03F007-004

CC 46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
Section cross-reference(s): 42, 74

IT Resists

(fluorine-containing surfactants for leveling agents for resist compns.)

IT 212628-37-0P **236104-13-5P** 236104-14-6P 236104-71-5P 236104-72-6P 236104-73-7P 236104-74-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (fluorine-containing surfactants for leveling agents)

L40 ANSWER 15 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

129:232038 Fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants and coating and photoresist compositions containing them. Tanaka, Kazuyoshi; Takano, Kiyoshi; Hashimoto, Yutaka (Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 10230154 A2 19980902 Heisei, 36 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1997-33717 19970218.

The surfactants consist of copolymers of fluoroalkyl group-containing ethylenically unsatd. monomers and other ethylenically unsatd. monomers having R6(SiR4R5O)pSiR4R5OSiR2R3 group [R2, R3 = C1-20 alkyl, Ph, R9(SiR7R8O)pSiR7R8O; R4-9 = C1-20 alkyl, Ph; p = 0-3]. The compns. show excellent leveling properties in a coating process at high speed and shear. Thus, CH2:CHCO2CH2CH2C8F17 18, (Me3SiO)3Si(CH2)3OCOCMe:CH2 12, ethylene oxide-propylene oxide copolymer monoacrylate 58, tetraethylene

glycol dimethacrylate 4, and Me methacrylate 8 parts were copolymd. in Me2CHOH in the presence of AIBN and lauryl mercaptan to give a polymer (Mn 3500), which was added to acrylic or alkyd-melamine coatings to show good antifoaming, leveling, and recoating properties.

IT 212628-36-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

RN 212628-36-9 HCA

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxybis(2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester, polymer with 2-[[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]propylamino]ethyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, α-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 50858-51-0

CMF (C3 H6 O)n C3 H4 O2

CCI IDS, PMS

$$H_2C = CH - C - C - C_3H_6) - OH$$

CM 2

CRN 26403-58-7

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C3 H4 O2

CCI PMS

$$H_2C = CH - C - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 17096-07-0

CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 4

Les Henderson

CRN 2357-60-0 CMF C16 H14 F17 N O4 S

CM 5

CRN 109-17-1 CMF C16 H26 O7

PAGE 1-B

— ме

CM

80-62-6 CRN C5 H8 O2 CMF

IC ICM B01F017-54

ICS C08F220-22; C08F230-08; C08F290-06

42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 74

siloxane fluoroalkyl acrylate polymer antifoaming coating; leveling agent STfluoroalkyl acrylate siloxane polymer; photoresist surfactant siloxane fluoroalkyl acrylate polymer

Alkyd resins ΙT

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or

engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(Beckosol WB 703; fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

Polyoxyalkylenes, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP

(Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (acrylic, graft; fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

Aminoplasts

No. (Modifier or additive use): PRP (Properties): TFM (Tookhiga) or

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(alkyd resins crosslinked with; fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

IT Antifoaming agents Coating materials

IT

Leveling agents

Photoresists Surfactants

(fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

IT Acrylic polymers, uses

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

IT 9003-08-1, Super Beckamine L 117-60

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(alkyd resins crosslinked with; fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and **photoresists**)

IT 191667-44-4P **212628-36-9P** 212628-37-0P 212716-56-8P 212716-57-9P 212716-58-0P 212716-59-1P 212716-60-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

9016-83-5, Cresol-formaldehyde copolymer 68510-93-0, 2,3,4-Trihydroxybenzophenone 1,2-naphthoquinonediazide-5-sulfonate 122176-95-8, Acrydic A 181 193560-18-8, Acrydic A 801P-Burnock DN 980 copolymer 212897-02-4

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(fluoroalkyl- and siloxane-containing polymer surfactants for improved antifoaming, recoating, and leveling properties of coatings and photoresists)

L40 ANSWER 16 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

128:121756 Positive image-forming composition. Kawamura, Koichi; Uenishi, Kazuya (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan). Eur. Pat. Appl. EP 814381 Al 19971229, 49 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 1997-110034 19970619. PRIORITY: JP 1996-160276 19960620; JP 1996-190939 19960719.

AB A pos. image-forming composition comprises (a) a compound generating an acid by the action of light or heat and (b) at least one compound selected from the N-sulfonylamide compds. represented by the formula L1(SO2NR2COR1)n or L1(CONR2SO2R1)n wherein n is an integer of from 1 to 6, R1 represents an aromatic group or an alkyl group, L1 represents an aromatic group or an alkyl

group when n is 1 or L1 represents a polyvalent linkage group constituted of nonmetal atoms when n is from 2 to 6, and R2 represents a tertiary alkyl group, an alkoxymethyl group, an arylmethyl group, or an alicyclic alkyl group or (c) a polymer having constitutional units represented by the formula -SO2NR3CO- wherein R3 represents a tertiary alkyl group, an alkoxymethyl group, an arylmethyl group, or an alicyclic alkyl group.

201656-56-6

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pos. photoresists containing)

RN 201656-56-6 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester, polymer with N-[(4-ethenylphenyl)sulfonyl]-N-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]benzamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

CRN 201656-55-5 CMF C23 H21 N O4 S

CM 2

CRN 2530-85-0 CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} & {\rm OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ {\rm Me-C-C-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ & {\rm OMe} \end{array}$$

IT 201656-50-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and use in preparing pos. photoresists)

RN 201656-50-0 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl ester, polymer with N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2-methyl-N-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 201656-49-7 CMF C15 H21 N O3 S

CM

2530-85-0 CRN CMF C10 H20 O5 Si

IC ICM G03F007-004 ICS G03F007-039

74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes)

pos photoimaging compn lithog plate; sulfonylamide photoacid ST generator pos photoimaging compn; thermal acid generator pos photoimaging compn

IT Positive photoresists

(containing thermal or photochem. acid generators)

IT Integrated circuits Lithographic plates

Semiconductor devices

(pos. photoimaging compns. containing thermal or photochem. acid generators for manufacture of)

IT Photoimaging materials

(pos.; containing thermal or photochem. acid generators)

201656-43-1 201656-44-2 201656-45-3 201656-46-4 IT 201656-47-5

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photochem. acid generator for pos. photoresists)

548-62-9, Crystal violet · 27029-76-1, m-Cresol-p-cresol-formaldehyde IT 68541-73-1 201656-53-3 201656-54-4 **201656-56-6** copolymer 201656-57-7 201656-59-9 201656-61-3 201656-63-5 201656-65-7 201656-67-9 201656-68-0

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(pos. photoresists containing)

85-44-9, 1,3-Isobenzofurandione 95-57-8, o-Chlorophenol IT 69432-40-2 117283-53-1, Victoria Pure 22371-56-8, NK-3508 38686-70-3 Blue BOH 1-naphthalenesulfonate

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(pos. photoresists containing sulfonylamide photoacid generators and)

IT 201656-49-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation and reaction in preparing photochem. acid generator for pos.

Lee 10/690,835

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photoresists)
IT
     153698-69-2P
                    201656-52-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and use as dissoln. inhibitor for pos. photoresists)
                   201656-42-0P
ΙT
     201656-40-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and use as photochem. acid generator for pos.
        photoresists)
TΤ
     24979-70-2DP, Poly(p-hydroxystyrene), reaction products with tert-Bu
     bromoacetate
                   125325-82-8P 129674-22-2P, p-tert-
     Butoxycarbonyloxystyrene-p-hydroxystyrene copolymer 201656-50-0P
     201656-51-1P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and use in preparing pos. photoresists)
     76937-83-2, \alpha, \alpha, \alpha', \alpha', \alpha'', \alpha''-
     Hexakis (4-hydroxyphenyl)-1,3,5-triethylbenzene
     1-[\alpha-Methyl-\alpha-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]-4-[\alpha',\alpha'-
     bis(4''-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]benzene
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (reaction in preparing dissoln. inhibitor for pos. photoresists)
                           920-46-7, Methacrylic chloride
                                                             2849-81-2
IT
     121-44-8, reactions
     3587-60-8, Benzyl chloromethyl ether
                                            201656-48-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (reaction in preparing photochem. acid generator for pos.
        photoresists)
L40 ANSWER 17 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
126:299683 Photoresist composition with improved coatability.
     Hashimoto, Yutaka; Tanaka, Kazuyoshi (Dainippon Ink & Chemicals, Japan).
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 09054432 A2 19970225 Heisei, 22 pp. (Japanese).
     CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1995-210641 19950818.
     The title composition contains a copolymer of fluoroalkyl group-containing
AB
     (meth)acrylate monomers and silicone chain-containing ethylenic unsatd.
     monomers. The composition shows good coatability upon spin-coating and storage
     stability, and gives fine patterns.
IT
     189084-87-5P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photoresist composition containing copolymer of fluoroalkyl
        (meth) acrylate and silicone-containing ethylenic compound)
RN
     189084-87-5 HCA
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxybis(2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl)
CN
     ester, polymer with [[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]propylamino]methyl
     2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyloxirane polymer with
     oxirane 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[3,3,3-trimethyl-1,1-
     bis[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft
           (CA INDEX NAME)
     (9CI)
     CM
          1
     CRN 94422-64-7
     CMF C15 H12 F17 N O4 S
```

CM 2

CRN 17096-07-0 CMF C16 H38 O5 Si4

CM 3

CRN 109-17-1 CMF C16 H26 O7

PAGE 1-B

— Ме

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 5

CRN 58916-75-9 CMF C4 H6 O2 . (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O) x CM 6

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2

CH2

CH₂ || Me- C- CO₂H

CM 7

CRN 9003-11-6

CMF (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O)x

CCI PMS

CM 8

CRN 75-56-9 CMF C3 H6 O

Сн3

CM 9

CRN 75-21-8 CMF C2 H4 O

 $^{\circ}$

IC ICM G03F007-027

ICS G03F007-038; G03F007-075; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other

Reprographic Processes)

ST photoresist fluoroalkyl acrylate graft copolymer; silicone

ethylenic graft copolymer photoresist

IT Polysiloxanes, preparation

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(acrylic, graft; photoresist composition containing copolymer of

fluoroalkyl (meth)acrylate and silicone-containing ethylenic compound)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material

use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (acrylic, siloxanes, graft; photoresist composition containing

copolymer of fluoroalkyl (meth)acrylate and silicone-containing ethylenic compound)

IT Photoresists

(photoresist composition containing copolymer of fluoroalkyl (meth)acrylate and silicone-containing ethylenic compound)

IT 188979-82-0P 188979-83-1P 188980-15-6P 188980-17-8P 189084-82-0P

189084-83-1P 189084-86-4P 189084-87-5P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photoresist composition containing copolymer of fluoroalkyl (meth)acrylate and silicone-containing ethylenic compound)

L40 ANSWER 18 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

122:20500 positive-working **photoresist** composition. Aoso, Toshiaki; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi (Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 06027670 A2 19940204 Heisei, 45 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1991-12540 19910111.

GΙ

The title **photoresist** composition contains (1) a polysiloxane compound containing ≥ 1 mol% siloxane unit obtained by cyclic thermal addition reaction of R1R2C=CR3C(SiX1X2X3)=CR4R5, R1R2C=CR3CR4=CR5(SiX1X2X3), etc. with R7C(QP1)=CR8R9, I, II, QP1C.tplbond.CR9 [R1-5 = H, alkyl, aryl, silyl, siloxy; R7-9 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, CN, NO2, -P1Q, etc.; R7 and R8, or R7 and P1 may form a ring; X1-3 = OH, hydrolyzable group; P1-3 = single bond, alkylene, arylene; Y = trivalent aromatic group; Q = acid group of pKa ≤ 12 ; Z], and (2) a α -diazoketone compound or 2-diazo-1,3-diketone compound Fine **resist** patterns can be obtained with this composition

IT 159438-77-4

RL: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (ladder, pos.-working **photoresist** composition from)

RN 159438-77-4 HCA

CN Benzenesulfonamide, ar-[1,3,3a,4,7,7a-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-4-(trimethoxysilyl)-2H-isoindol-2-yl]-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 159438-76-3

CMF C17 H22 N2 O7 S Si

CCI IDS

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

ICM G03F007-075 IC

> ICS C08L083-04; G03F003-10; G03F007-00; G03F007-038; G03F007-16; H01L021-027

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes)

pos working photoresist compn silsesquioxane ST

IT Silsesquioxanes

> RL: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pos.-working photoresist composition from)

Resists IT

(photo-, composition, pos.-working, from silsesquioxane and diazoketone compound)

158829-00-6 158829-03-9 159438-75-2 159438-77-4 IT 158828-98-9 159519-42-3 159519-41-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(ladder, pos.-working photoresist composition from)

123153-97-9 125009-92-9 IT

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(ladder, pos.-working photoresist composition from)

L40 ANSWER 19 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

121:217658 Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant photoresist.

Aoso, Toshiaki; Mizutani, Kazuyoshi (Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan). Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 06059458 A2 19940304 Heisei, 47 pp. (Japanese).

CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1991-12671 19910111.

The title photoresist comprises a polysiloxane containing ≥1 AΒ

mol% of siloxane units derived from the cyclization-thermal addition products of organosilicon compds. and a photosensitive azide. The title neg.-working **photoresist** is useful in making lithog. plates, in color proofing, in making transparencies for overhead projectors, and in fine patterning for semiconductor device fabrication.

IT 158257-47-7P 158257-54-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant **photoresist** containing)

RN 158257-47-7 HCA

CN 3-Cyclohexene-1-carboxamide, N-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-(trimethoxysilyl)-, polymer with (4-chlorophenyl)trimethoxysilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 158257-46-6 CMF C17 H25 N O6 S Si

CM 2

CRN 35692-30-9 CMF C9 H13 Cl O3 Si

RN 158257-54-6 HCA

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[1,3,3a,4,5,7a-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-5-(trimethoxysily1)-2H-isoindol-2-yl]-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 158257-53-5

CMF C17 H22 N2 O7 S Si

IC ICM G03F007-075

ICS C08L083-04; G03F003-10; G03F007-00; G03F007-008; G03F007-038;
H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST photoresist polysiloxane azide

IT Silsesquioxanes

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant photoresist)

IT Lithographic plates

(Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant photoresist for)

IT Semiconductor devices

(Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant **photoresist** for fabrication of)

IT Resists

(photo-, polysiloxane- and azide-containing)

IT 5284-79-7, 2,6-Di(4'-azidobenzal)-4-methylcyclohexanone 5284-80-0 RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant **photoresist** containing)

IT 158257-43-3P 158257-45-5P 158257-47-7P 158257-50-2P

158257-52-4P **158257-54-6P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Water-developable oxygen plasma-resistant **photoresist** containing)

L40 ANSWER 20 OF 20 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

80:121507 Light-sensitive polymers. Wolff, Erich (Agfa-Gevaert A.-G.). Ger. Offen. DE 2217744 19731018, 13 pp. (German). CODEN: GWXXBX. APPLICATION: DE 1972-2217744 19720413.

Photoresists having improved adhesion to oxidized silicon [7440-21-3] semiconductors contain functional silane substituents. Thus, dropwise addition of hydroxypropyl methacrylate 289.5, Sn octanoate 1, and MeOC2H4OAc 236 parts to 400 parts p-toluenesulfonyl isocyanate and 800 parts MeOC2H4OAc, stirring 10 hr at 45.deg., and stirring this solution 500, 3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate 8.5, and azobisisobutyronitrile 2 parts 5 hr at 65.deg. and 10 hr at 75.deg. gives a 40% solution of hydroxypropyl methacrylate-3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate-p-toluenesulfonyl isocyanate copolymer (I) [51293-70-0]. Oxidized Si with an 0.8 μ coating of I containing 2% diaziiodibenzalcyclohexanone, illuminated with an Hg lamp, solvent-developed, and etched in NH4F-HF solution shows excellent image clarity.

IT 51293-70-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresists, with improved adhesion to oxidized silicon

semiconductors)

RN 51293-70-0 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol, polymer with 4-methylbenzenesulfonyl isocyanate and 3-(triethoxysilyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 21142-29-0 CMF C13 H26 O5 Si

CM 2

CRN 4083-64-1 CMF C8 H7 N O3 S

CM 3

CRN 27813-02-1 CMF C7 H12 O3

CCI IDS

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me--C--CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 57-55-6 CMF C3 H8 O2

Les Henderson

G03C IC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers) CC Section cross-reference(s): 71 adhesion photoresist silicon; semiconductor silicon STphotoresist; silylpropyl methacrylate photoresist ΙT Adhesion (of oxidized silicon semiconductors, to photoresists) ΙT Resists (photo-, with improved adhesion to oxidized silicon semiconductors) IT Semiconductor materials (silicon, photoresists with improved adhesion to) IT **51293-70-0** 52292-16-7 RL: USES (Uses) (photoresists, with improved adhesion to oxidized silicon semiconductors) 7440-21-3D, Silicon, oxidized, uses and miscellaneous IT RL: USES (Uses)

=>

(semiconductors, photoresists with improved adhesion to)